Financing the data demands of the SDGs

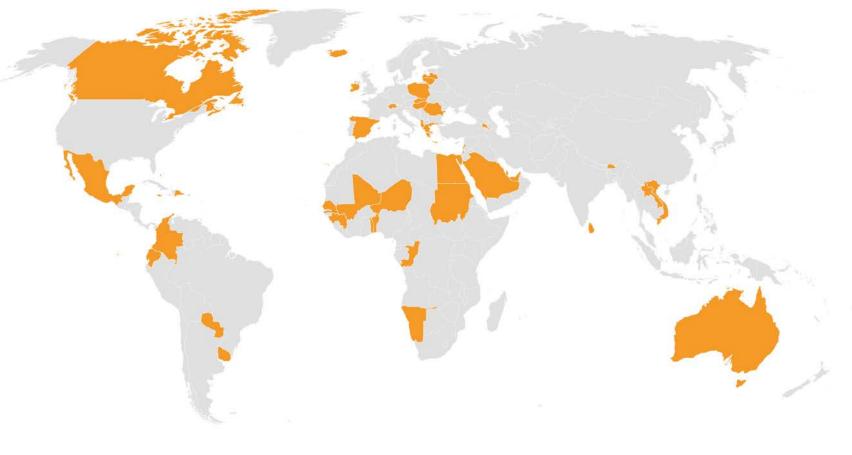
Better data for sustainable development UN High-Level Political Forum 2018







- 47 countries present
 Voluntary National
 Reviews at HLPF 2018
- All recognize the importance of data in measuring and monitoring SDGs
- But also highlight statistical capacity limitations and data gaps









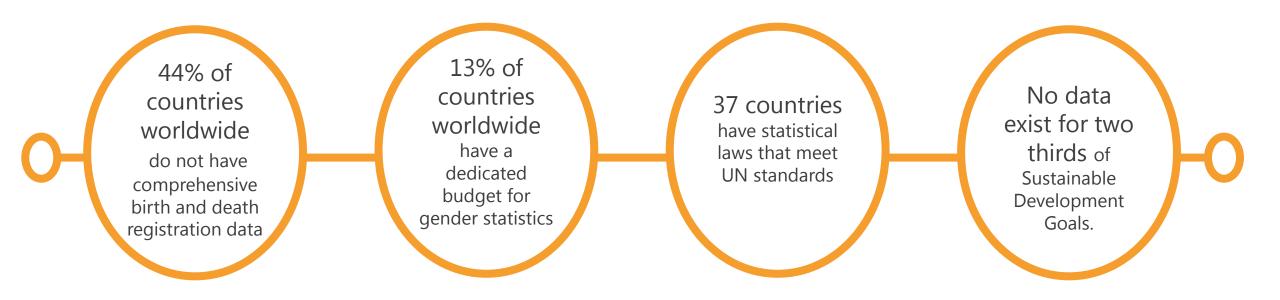








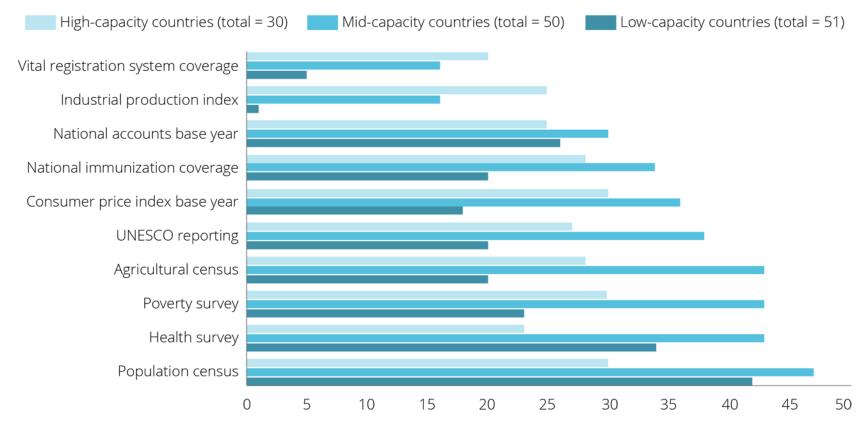
Gaps in data and capacity are a major obstacle to measuring and achieving SDGs



Can national statistical systems meet the data demands of the SDGs?



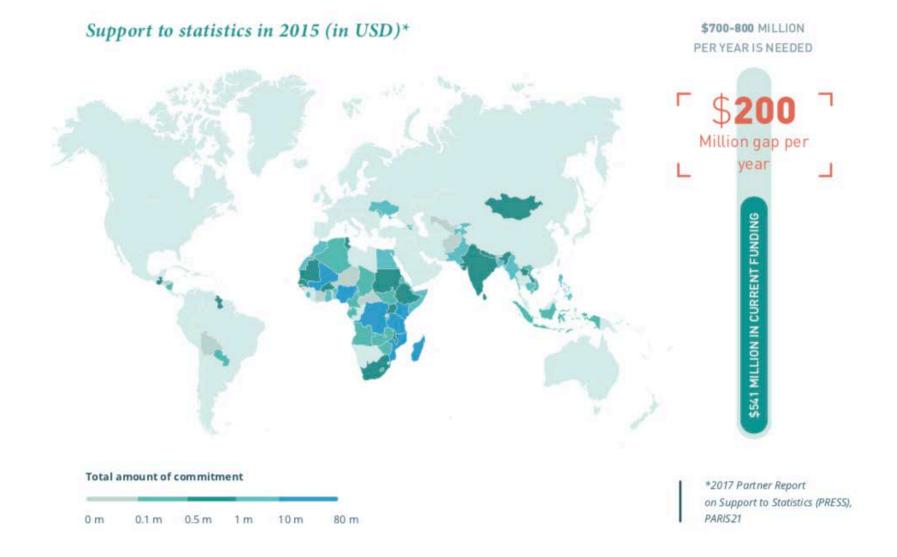
Number of countries with capacity to deliver fundamental statistics, 2016



Source: 2018 OECD's Development Co-operation Report: Data for Development; table compiled by Open Data Watch, based on World Bank (2017), Statistical capacity Indicators (database)

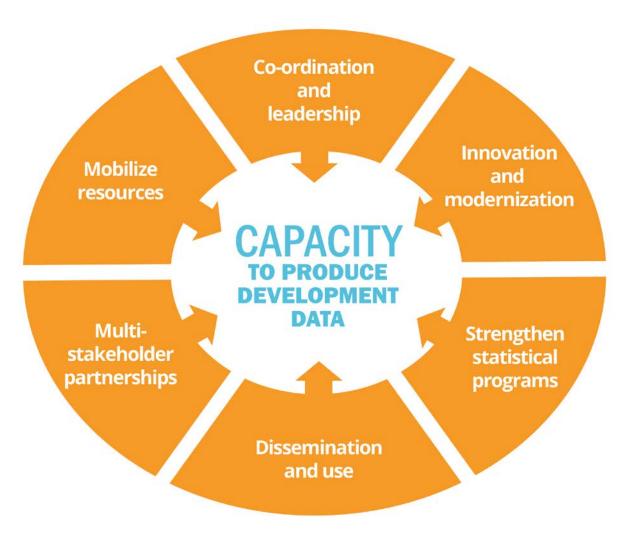
Need for **more** financial resources for data





Not just **more** financial resources for data but also **better**

Applying the Cape Town Global Action Plan to guide data investment priorities



Investing in data brings positive returns

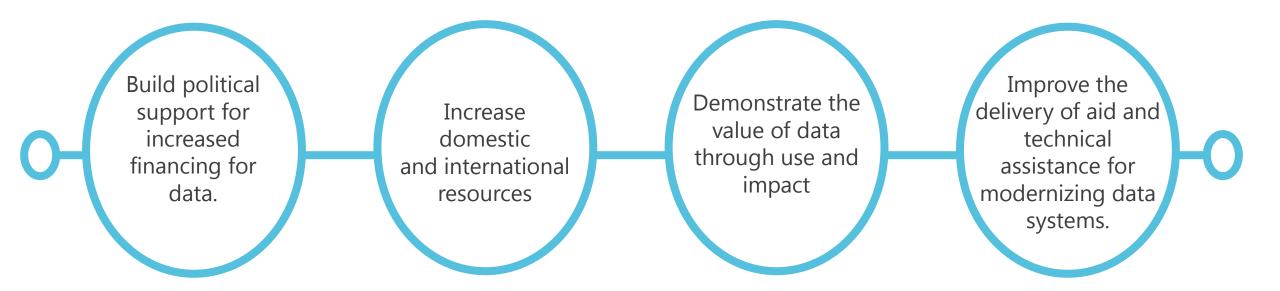
Lessons from the past:

- Marrakesh Action Plan for Statistics
- International Comparison Program
- 2010 Census Round
- Demographic Health Survey and Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey





More and better financing for data: What will it take?



Moving forward, a strong focus should be placed on mobilizing resources to build national statistical capacity to improve data for development and serve the implementation of SDGs.





2018, 2019, and beyond



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